

Background :

Natural disasters occur frequently around the world. Internet of things (IoT) sensors can detect such cataclysmic events and initiate rescue actions. In existing IoT framework, data are transmitted to the remote cloud via wired connection for further analysis. Several issues remain to be addressed, including massive deployment effort, unavailability of vicinity communication infrastructure, data transfer over limited bandwidth, high latency in communication networks, and redundancy in disaster content.

Targets:

To develop a context-aware disaster mitigation system (CAMS) that utilizes mobile edge computing (MEC) and wireless mesh network powered by NerveNet. Specifically, the overall project goal can be divided into:

GOAL 1 Edge-Level Disaster Detection

GOAL 2 Mesh-Network Database Synchronization

GOAL 3 Evacuation Route Strategy Optimization

Speaker:

Ir. Dr. Tham Mau Luen @ Universiti Tunku Abdul Rahman, Malaysia

Project Members :

Name	Institution	Name	Institution
Ir. Dr. Tham Mau Luen	UTAR, Malaysia	Dr. Yasunori Owada	NICT, Japan
Ir. Dr. Chang Yoong Choon	UTAR, Malaysia	Dr. Goshi Sato	NICT, Japan
Ts. Dr. Ezra Morris	UTAR, Malaysia	Mr. Hachihei Kurematsu	BHN Association/JTTA, Japan
Dr. Lee Ying Loong	UTAR, Malaysia	Mr. Nobuyuki Asai	Ready Affiliate Japan Co., Ltd, Japan
Mr. Lim Wei Sean	UTAR, Malaysia	Prof. Myint Myint Sein	UCSY, Myanmar
Mr. Teoh Han Wei	UTAR, Malaysia	Prof. Thin Lai Lai Thein	UCSY, Myanmar
Ir. Dr. Nordin Bin Ramli	MIMOS, Malaysia	Prof. Zin May Aye	UCSY, Myanmar
Dr. Tuan Ahmad Zahidi Tuan Abdul Rahman	MIMOS, Malaysia	Ms. Emmon Maw	UCSY, Myanmar
Mr. Sakda Sakorntanant	PIT, Thailand	Dr. Suvit Poomrittigul	PIT, Thailand

Project Duration :

1st April 2020 to 31st March 2023

Project Budget:

\$80,000

Project Activities: Budget Plan (Year 2)

Party	Purpose	Amount (USD)	Remark
UCSY	International Conference (GCCE)	407.24	Spent
UTAR	International Conference (UEMCON)	250	Spent
UTAR	International Conference (ICUFN)	450	Spent
UTAR	Journal Publication (IEEE Access)	1850	Pending
UTAR	Equipment Purchase (Wi-Fi-Extender & Uninterrupted Power Supply)	2134	Pending
	TOTAL	5,091.24	Balance of USD ~ 34,000 subject to further budget planning

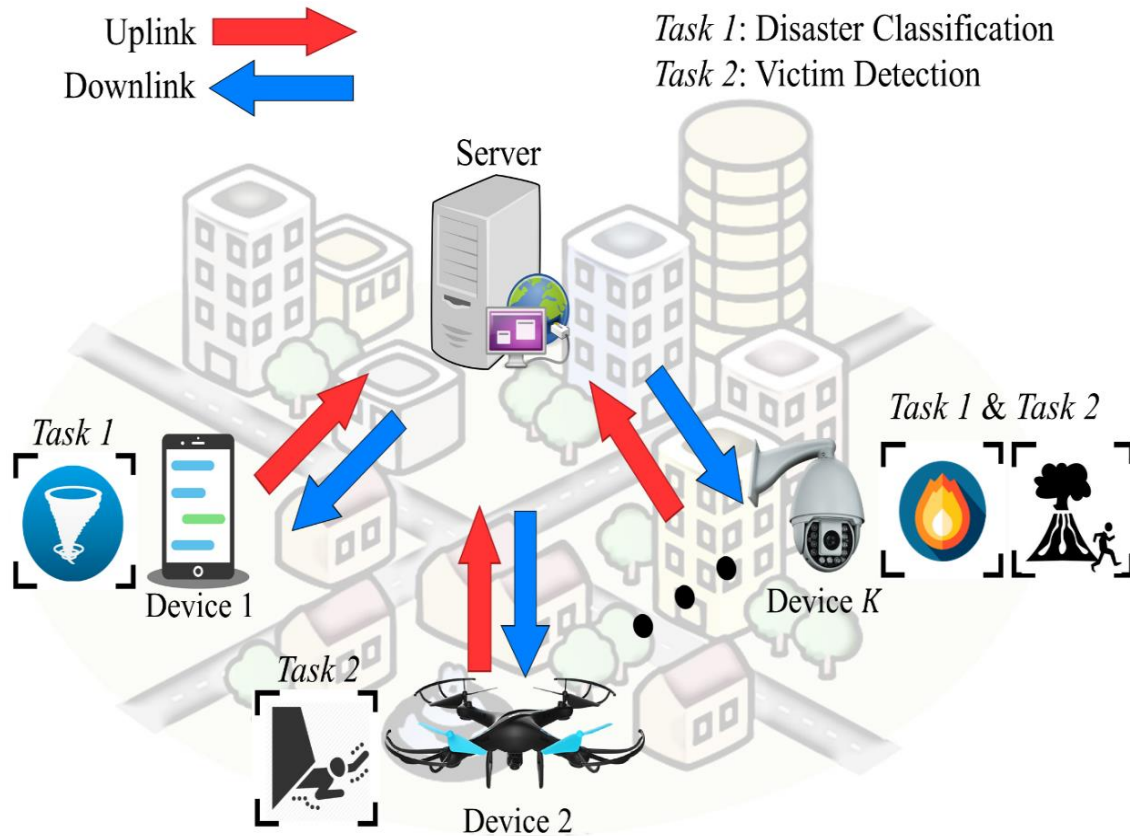
Project Activities: Group Meeting

Date	Description	Venue	Agenda
19 Jan 2022	7 th project meeting	WEB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discussion on Outcome from Project Review 2021
28 Oct 2022	8 th project meeting	WEB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Progress Update Discussion on Physical Meeting Adding New Members

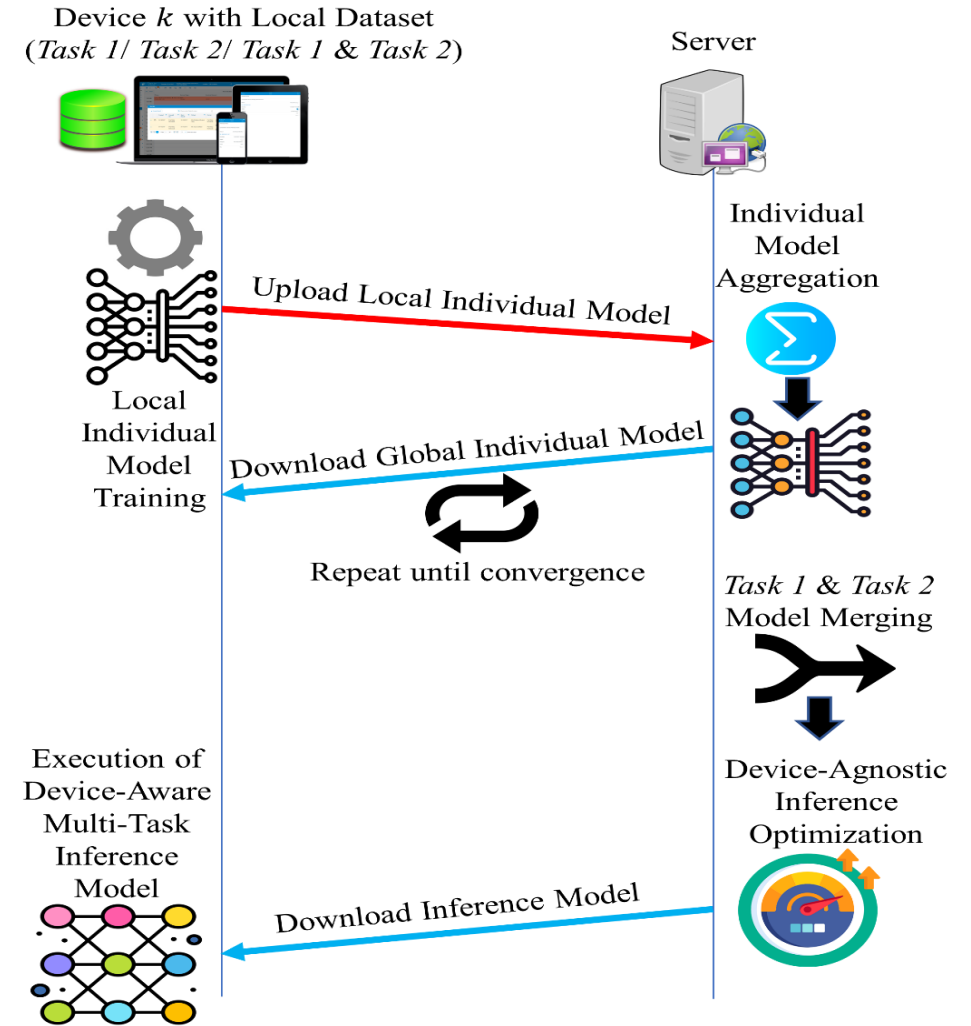
Project Activities: Project Timeline (Jan – Nov 2022)

Party	Schedule	Task Description	Remark
UTAR/NICT/BHN	Jan - Nov 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Development of Optimized Multi-Task Model for Disaster Classification and Victim Detection Deployment of IoT Nodes in UTAR Campus Large-Scale Field Testing of NerveNet Wi-Fi and NerveNet LoRA 	Done
UTAR/MIMOS		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Development of Efficient Device-Edge Inference for Disaster Classification Performance Evaluation of Throughput and Latency 	Done
UCSY/UTAR		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Development of the Route Strategy using Advanced Dijkstra Algorithm Development of Web Application for Visualization 	Done
UTAR/PIT		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Development of 'NerveDASH' for Disaster Monitoring Dashboard Visualization of Received Image and Text 	Done

Federated Learning Environments

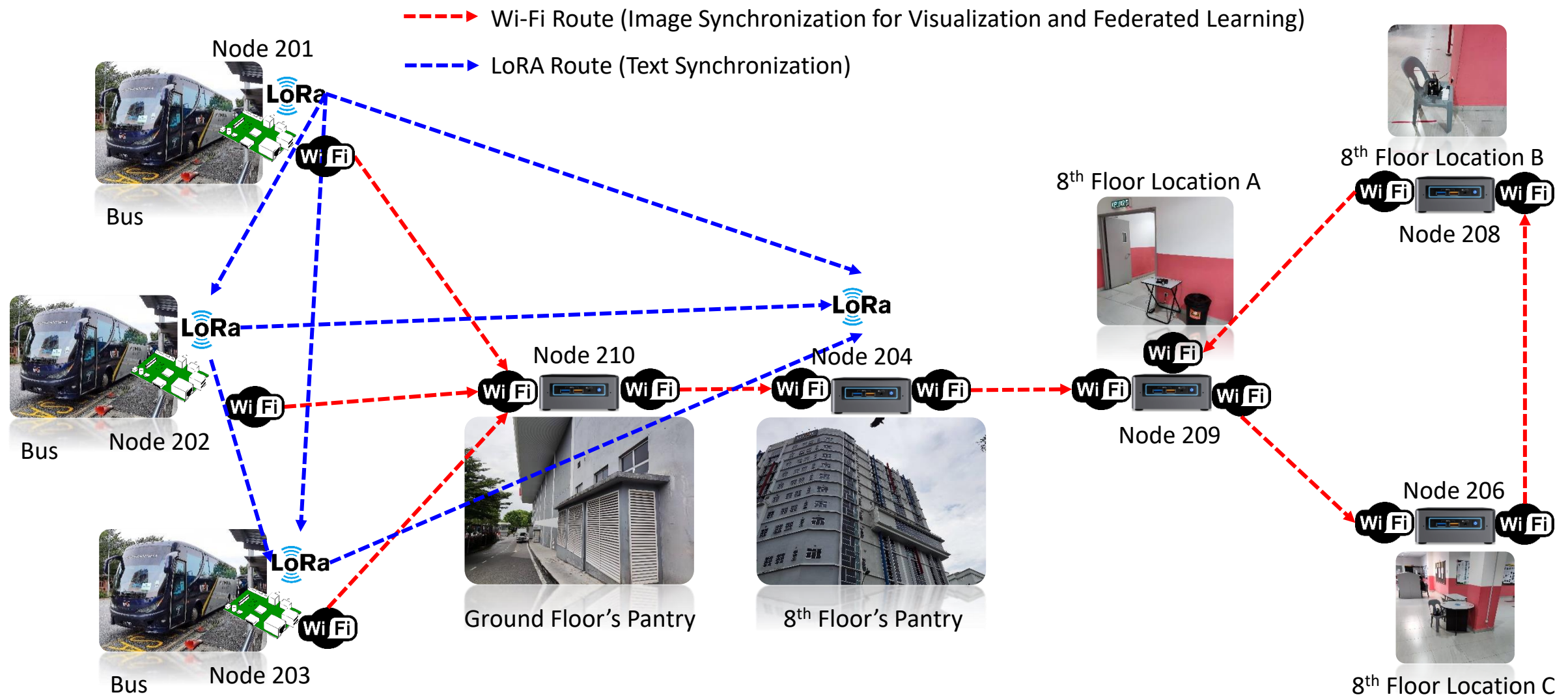


(a) Proposed Disaster Detection Framework



(b) Interaction from Training to Inference

Project Activities (GOAL 2): WiFi-LoRa Mesh Network Testbed (Overview)



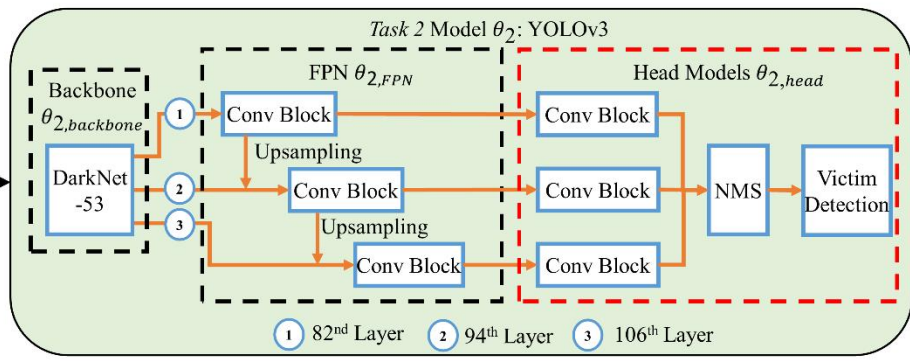
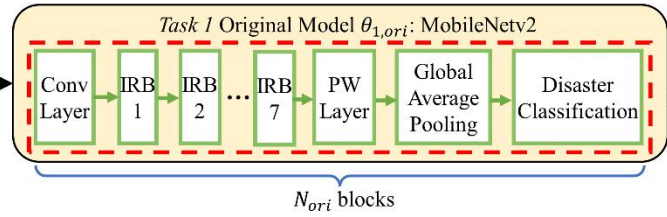
Project Activities (GOAL 2): WiFi-LoRa Mesh Network Testbed (Implementation)



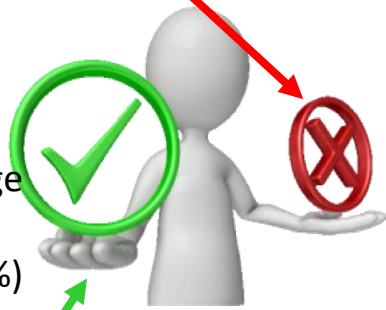
R&D results (Goal 1): Optimized Multi-Task Learning Model (Published in IEEE Access)

Y. J. Wong, M.-L. Tham, B.H. Kwan, E. M. Abraham, and Y. Owada, "An Optimized Multi-Task Learning Model for Disaster Classification and Victim Detection in Federated Learning Environments", IEEE Access, vol. 10, pp. 115930-115944, Nov 2022. [10.1109/ACCESS.2022.3218655](https://doi.org/10.1109/ACCESS.2022.3218655)

Conventional Method:
Two Separate Single-Task Models



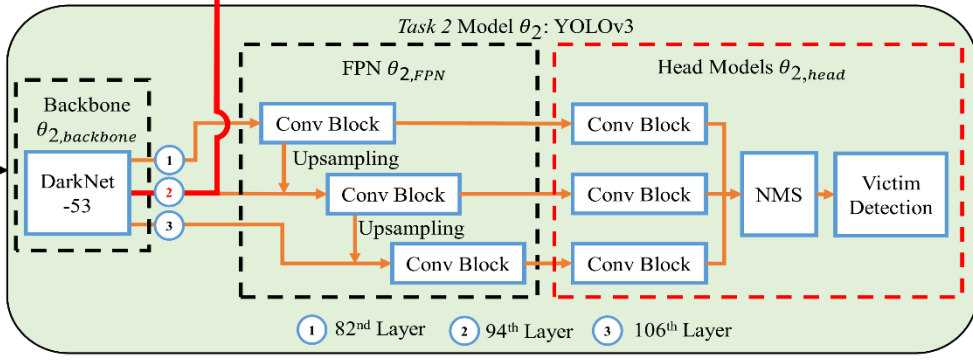
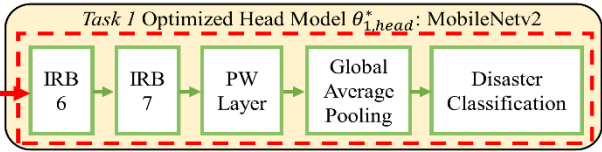
- ✓ **LESSER** memory requirements (12.8 MB saving)
- ✓ **BETTER** disaster classification accuracy (1-2% gain)
- ✓ **SAME** victim detection performance (0.694 of average precision (AP))
- ✓ **FASTER** inference speed (18 %)
- ✓ **PORTABLE** in various hardware like CPU and Raspberry Pi



Proposed Method:
Multi-Task Learning Model

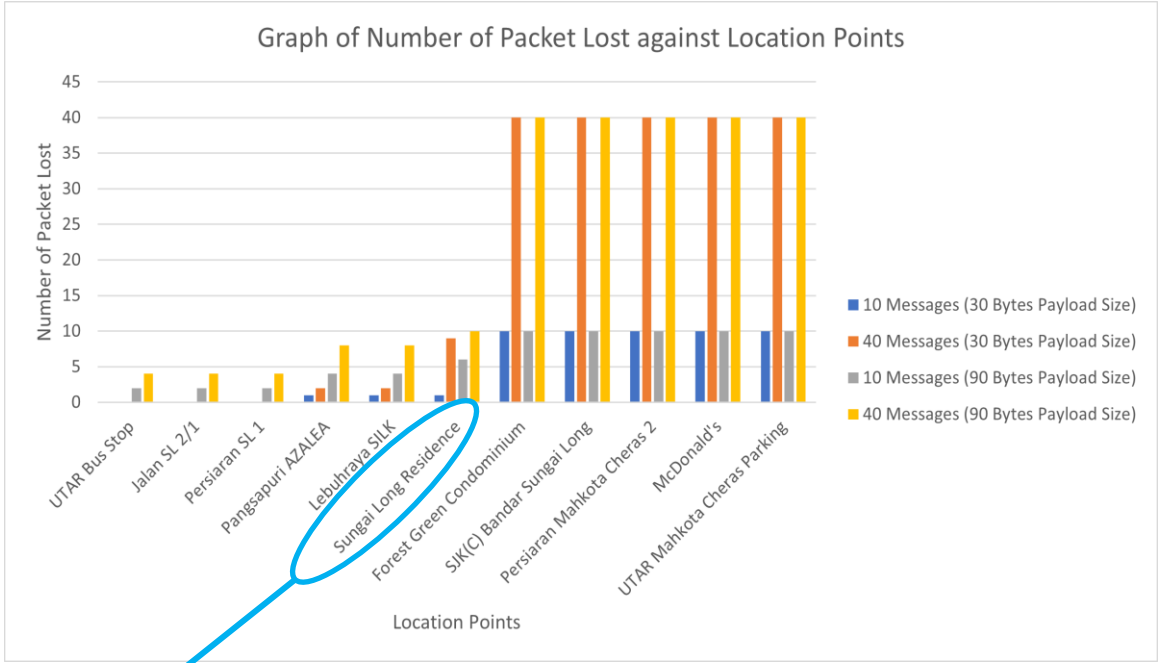
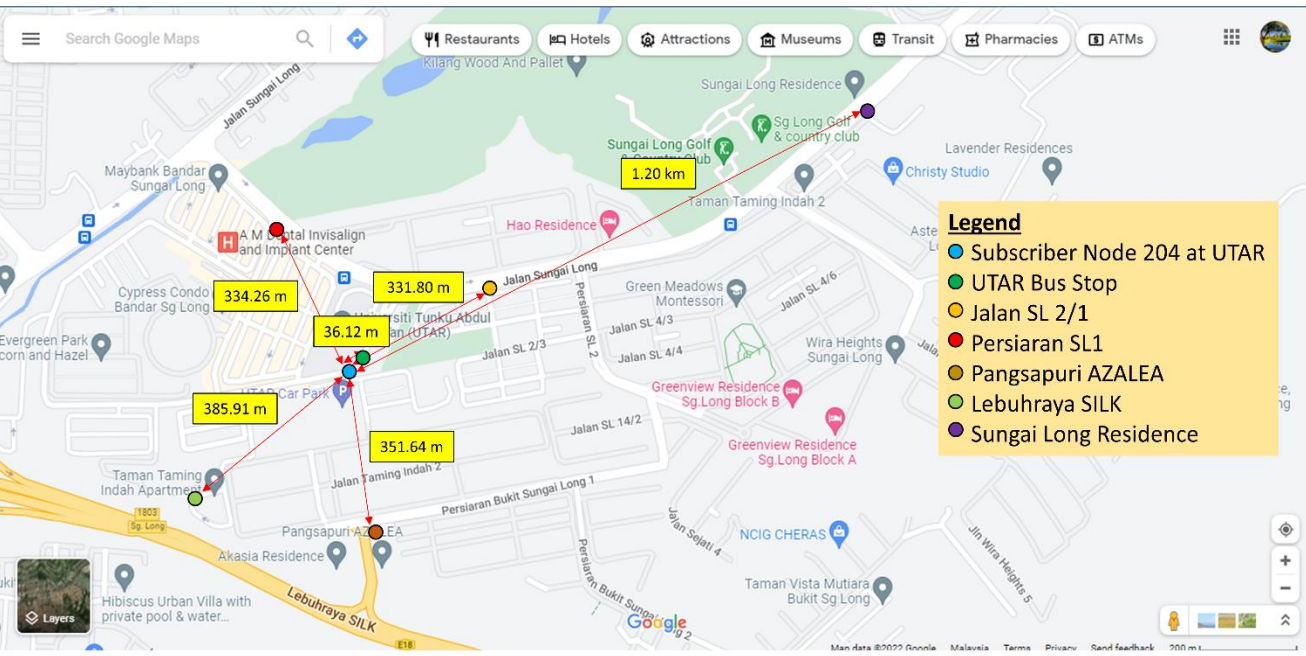


Optimal Branching by Mathematical Analysis



R&D results (Goal 2): NerveNet LoRa Mesh Network

Node 201 (Publisher) and Node 204 (Subscriber)



LoRa Reachable Farthest Point (Sungai Long Residence 1.2 km)

30-Byte Text Synchronization from Node 204

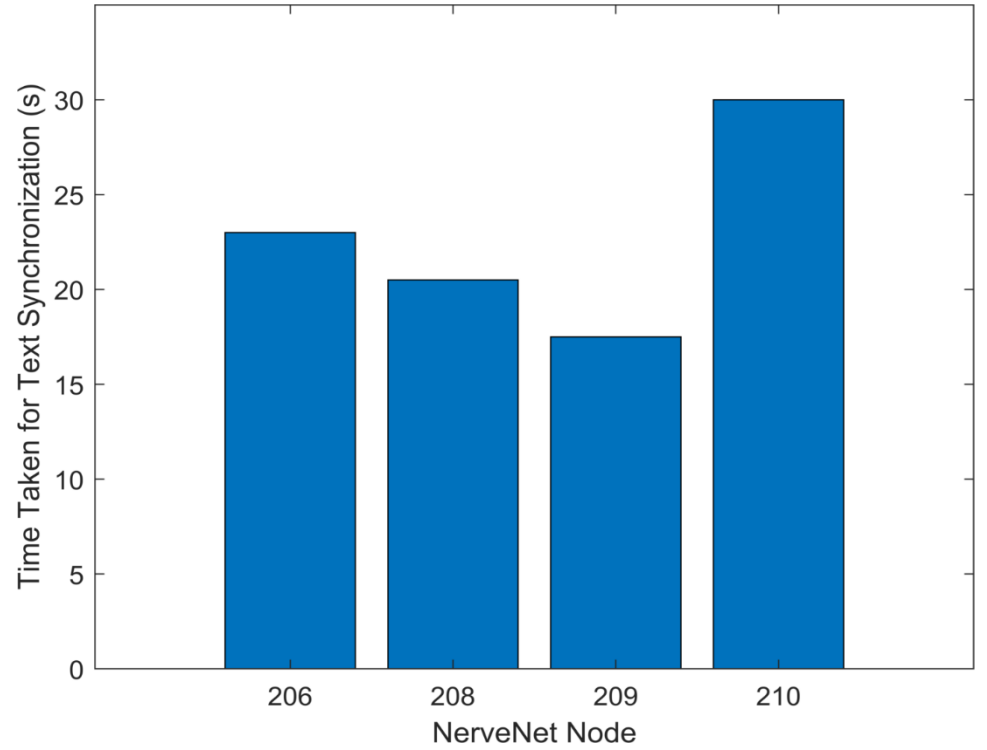
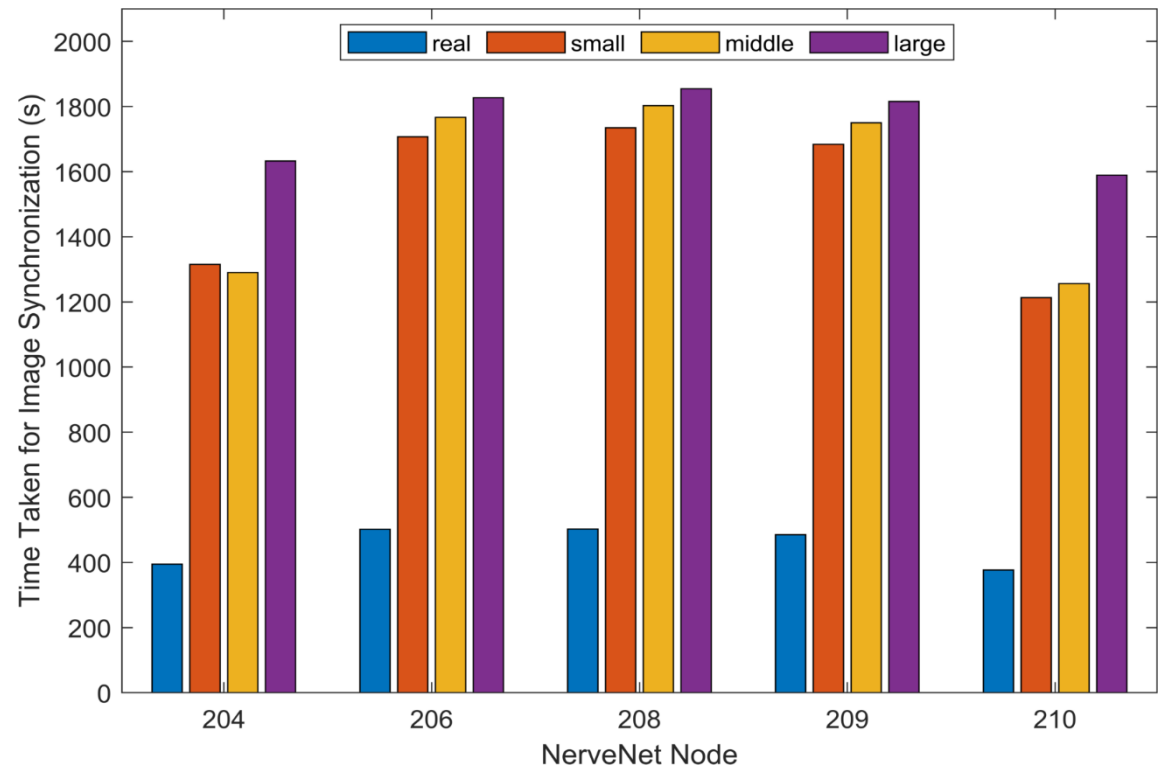
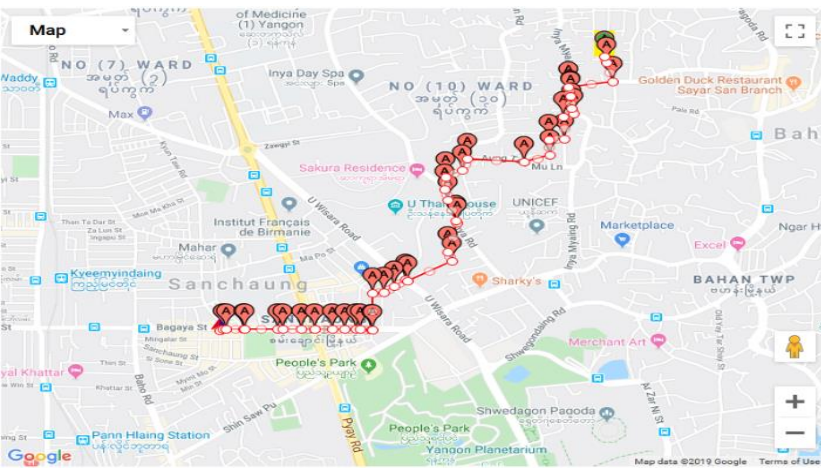


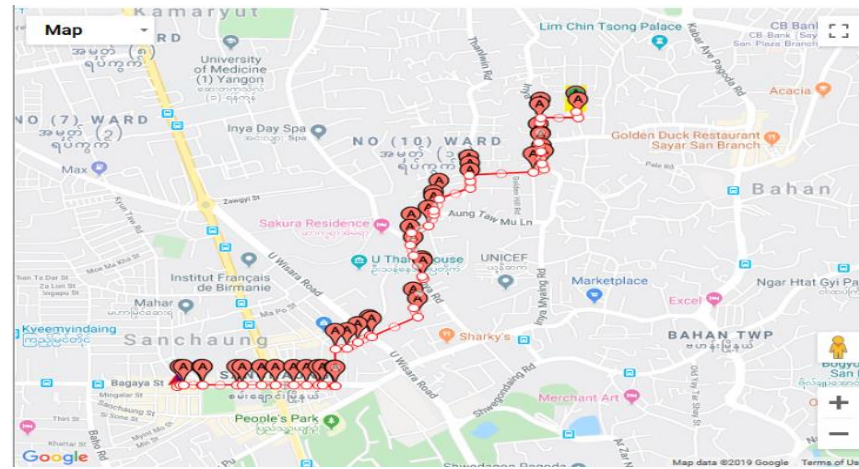
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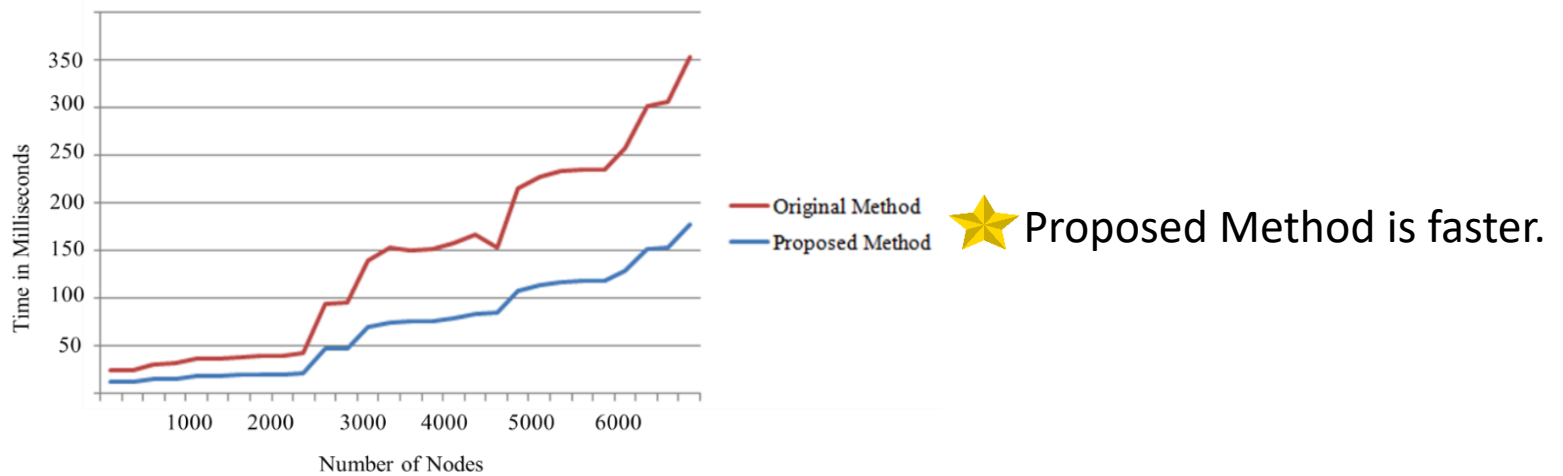
R&D results (Goal 3): Evacuation Route Strategy Optimization



(a)



(b)



(c)

The optimal route between the Fire Department and incident location. (a) Original modified Dijkstra's algorithm. (b) Modified Dijkstra's Algorithm (c) Runtime Complexity.

Scientific Contribution:

Presentations at International Conferences:

Universiti Tunku Abdul Rahman (UTAR), National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), MIMOS Berhad (MIMOS), University of Computer Studies, Yangon (UCSY), Pathumwan Institute of Technology (PIT)

No:	Paper title:	Author names	Affiliation	Conference name:	The date of the conference	The venue of the conference
1.	Effective Evacuation Route Strategy for Emergency Vehicles	Myint Myint Sein ¹ , K-zin Phyo ¹ , Mau-Luen Tham ² , Yasunori Owada ³ , Nordin Bin Ramli ⁴ , Suvit Poomrittigul ⁵	¹ UCSY, ² UTAR, ³ NICT, ⁴ MIMOS, ⁵ PIT	2021 IEEE 10th Global Conference on Consumer Electronics (GCCE)	12-15/10/2021	Kyoto, Japan
2.	Joint Disaster Classification and Victim Detection using Multi-Task Learning	Mau-Luen Tham ¹ , Wong Yi Jie ¹ , Kwan Ban Hoe ¹ , Yasunori Owada ² , Myint Myint Sein ³ , Yoong Choon Chang ¹	¹ UTAR, ² NICT, ³ UCSY	2021 IEEE 12th Annual Ubiquitous Computing, Electronics & Mobile Communication Conference (UEMCON)	01-04/12/2021	New York, USA
3.	Efficient Device-Edge Inference for Disaster Classification	Nathaniel Tan Sze Yang ¹ , Mau-Luen Tham ¹ , Sing Yee Chua ¹ , Ying Loong Lee ¹ , Yasunori Owada ² , Suvit Poomrittigul ³	¹ UTAR, ² NICT, ³ PIT	2022 Thirteenth International Conference on Ubiquitous and Future Networks (ICUFN)	05-08/07/2022	Barcelona, Spain

Scientific Contribution:

Published Journal Papers:

Universiti Tunku Abdul Rahman (UTAR), National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT)

No:	Paper title:	Author names	Affiliation	Journal name:	The publisher of the Journal	The volume number and Pages
1.	An Optimized Multi-Task Learning Model for Disaster Classification and Victim Detection in Federated Learning Environments	Wong Yi Jie ¹ , Mau-Luen Tham ^{1*} , Kwan Ban Hoe ¹ , Ezra Morris Abraham ¹ , Yasunori Owada ² *Corresponding Author	¹ UTAR, ² NICT	IEEE Access	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers	Vol. 10, pp. 115930 – 115944 10.1109/ACCESS.2022.3218655

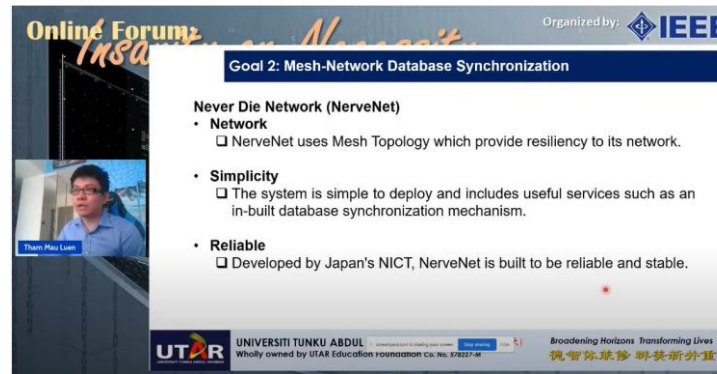
Societal Impact:

Knowledge Dissemination: 3 international conference, 1 high impact journal of IF=3.367, 2 online forums and 1 showcase at symposium



05/08/2021

52nd Asia Pacific Advanced Network (APAN)



21/10/2021

IEEE Malaysia ComSoc/VTS Joint Chapter



13/10/2022

The 3rd Symposium on Railway Infrastructure & Engineering (SRIE 2022)

Goal 1:

- A multi-task learning (MTL) model that performs joint disaster classification and victim detection has been developed.
- As compared to the conventional approach, the proposed model has lesser memory requirements and better classification-related results, while preserving the same detection-related performance.
- The first advantage would be very useful in IoT environment, where the data (e.g., network weights) are exchanged.

Goal 2:

- The NerveNet Wi-Fi has been deployed to enable image synchronization.
- The NerveNet LoRa has been deployed to enable text synchronization.
- To allow nationwide monitoring and control, NerveDASH has been developed to visualize data collected from multiple regional mesh networks.

Goal 3:

- The estimation of effective emergency route strategy has been proposed for complexed road network of Yangon.
- The proposed work will help emergency rescue teams to reach the incident location in a short time save the lives and properties.

Future works:

Party	Schedule	Task Description
UTAR/NICT/BHN/MIMOS/UCSY/PIT	12-14 Dec 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project Closing Meeting at UTAR, Malaysia
UTAR/NICT/BHN/MIMOS/UCSY/PIT	Jan - March 2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> More field testing of NerveNet Wi-Fi and NerveNet LoRA Installation of Uninterrupted Power Supply in UTAR Bus Documentation and Journal / Conference Paper Submission

